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M1700 MEDICAID FRAUD AND RECOVERY

M1700.000 MEDICAID FRAUD AND RECOVERY

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M1700 MEDICAID FRAUD AND RECOVERY

M1700.100 INTRODUCTION

A. Administering Agency

The Department of Medical Assistance Services (DMAS) is responsible for the investigation and referral of fraudulent and erroneous payments made by the Medicaid Program. DMAS can recover any payment erroneously made for services received by a Medicaid recipient or former Medicaid recipient. Recovery can be made from the recipient or the recipient's income, assets, or estate, unless such property is otherwise exempted from collection efforts by State or Federal law or regulation.

B. Utilization Review

Recipients' utilization of all covered services is monitored regularly by DMAS. Whenever the utilization of services is unusually high, the claims for services are reviewed for medical necessity. If some services are considered not medically necessary, the recipient will be contacted by the DMAS Recipient Monitoring Unit.

DMAS also reviews hospital claims prior to payment to determine if the 21-day limit is exceeded or if the length of stay regulations are met. All provider claims are reviewed and audited after payment.

M1700.200 FRAUD

A. Definitions

Fraud is defined as follows:

"Whoever obtains, or attempts to obtain, or aids and abets a person in obtaining, by means of a willful false statement or representation, or by impersonation, or other fraudulent device, assistance or benefits from other programs designated under rules and regulations of the State Board of Social Services or State Board of Health to which he is not entitled, or fails to comply with the provisions of •63.1-112, shall be deemed guilty of larceny...." (Code of Virginia, •63.1-124).

"If at any time during the continuance of assistance there shall occur any change, including but not limited to, the possession of any property or the receipt of regular income by the recipient, in the circumstances upon which current eligibility or amount of assistance were determined, which would materially affect such determination, it shall be the duty of such recipient immediately to notify the local department of such change, and thereupon the local board may either cancel the assistance, or alter the amount thereof." (Code of Virginia, •63.1-112).

B. DMAS Responsibilities

1. Recipient Fraud

DMAS has sole responsibility for handling cases of suspected fraud by Medicaid recipients when eligibility for a public assistance payment is not involved (Medicaid only cases). Medicaid cases involving suspected fraud must be

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referred to DMAS, Recipient Fraud and Recovery Unit, 600 E. Broad Street, Suite 1300, Richmond, Virginia 23219, using the format for the Recipient Fraud/Non-Fraud Referral in Appendix 1 to this chapter. The following information must be provided:

- recipient(s) name(s) and Medicaid number(s);
- recipient(s) social security number;
- reasons for and exact dates of ineligibility for Medicaid;
- any facts known by the local agency which could clarify the issue, not including personal opinions or statements; and
- names and addresses of knowledgeable individuals who would be requested to testify about eligibility-related factors.

This format has been specifically designed to be used in conjunction with the DMAS Fraud Abuse Information Reporting System and the format must not be altered.

The current threshold for Administrative Recoveries of Medicaid fraud is \$300.00. It is not feasible for DMAS to pursue cases with losses less than this threshold. If there is a question regarding the amount of the loss of Medicaid funds, the local agency must submit a Medicaid Claims Request (see Appendix 2 to this chapter) to DMAS and obtain the amount of the loss. The local agency should allow a three-week turnaround for the documents. There may be exceptional circumstances when claims can be provided within a shorter time, i.e. expedited trial dates. Once the information is received and it is determined that the loss exceeds the threshold for recovery, the local agency must send the Recipient Fraud/Non-Fraud Referral to DMAS.

There is **no** threshold for any case with criminal intent to defraud Medicaid.

2. Provider Fraud

Cases of suspected fraud involving enrolled providers of medical services to Medicaid recipients must be referred to the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit in the Office of the Attorney General. A copy of the information sent to the Medicaid Fraud Control Unit in the Office of the Attorney General must be sent to the Provider Review Unit, Department of Medical Assistance Services.

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3. Suspected Fraud Involving Recipients of Public Assistance

a. Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) and Auxiliary Grant (AG) Cases

Cases of suspected fraud involving ineligibility for a TANF or AG payment are the responsibility of the local department of social services. The local agency determines the period of ineligibility for Medicaid, and the DMAS Recipient Audit Unit provides the amount of Medicaid payments made. The amount of misspent Medicaid funds must be included in the TANF or AG fraud cases, whether the action results in prosecution or in voluntary restitution. The final disposition on all money payment fraud cases must be communicated to the Recipient Audit Unit, DMAS, for inclusion in federal reporting.

b. Food Stamps, General Relief (GR), Fuel, etc.

For suspected fraud involving Food Stamps, GR, Fuel, or other such assistance which does not directly relate to the provision of Medicaid, the local agency must notify the Recipient Audit Unit of the agency's action on the other assistance case so that Medicaid can take concurrent action if necessary.

C. Medicaid Ineligibility Following Fraud Conviction

1. Period of Eligibility

When an individual has been convicted of Medicaid fraud by a court, that individual will be ineligible for Medicaid for a period of 12 months beginning with the month of fraud conviction. Action to cancel the individual's Medicaid coverage must be taken in the month of conviction or in the month the agency learns of the conviction using cancel reason 14.

2. Who is Ineligible

a. TANF or Families and Children (F&C) Cases

In a TANF or F&C Medicaid case, only the parent/caretaker will be ineligible for Medicaid when the parent/caretaker has been convicted of Medicaid fraud. The TANF payment for the caretaker may not be affected.

b. Aged, Blind, Disabled (ABD) or Pregnant Women Cases

In an ABD or pregnant woman case, only the individual found guilty of Medicaid fraud will be ineligible. If only one spouse of a married couple is convicted, the eligibility of the innocent spouse is not affected.

3. Family Unit

If both spouses of an eligible couple are found guilty of fraud, neither is eligible for Medicaid. If only one member of a family unit is convicted of fraud, only that member's Medicaid coverage is canceled. The fraud conviction does not affect the composition of the family unit or the treatment of the family unit's income or resources. The convicted individual is included in the family unit according to Medicaid policy, but is not eligible for Medicaid coverage and is not enrolled.

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M1700.300 NON-FRAUD RECOVERY

A. Definition

The Virginia State Plan for Medicaid defines Non-Fraud Recovery as: "Investigation by the local department of social services of situations involving eligibility in which there is no reason to suspect that there has been deliberate misrepresentation by an applicant/recipient with intent to defraud." These cases are referred to DMAS when there is reason to suspect that an overpayment has occurred. (42 CFR§431).

B. Recovery of Misspent Funds

DMAS has the authority to investigate cases and recover expenditures made for services received by ineligible recipients without fraudulent intent. Among the situations where recovery of expenditures is possible are:

- when eligibility errors are due to recipient misunderstanding,
- when agency errors are made, or
- when medical services are received during the appeal process and the agency's cancellation action is upheld.

C. Recovery of Funds Correctly Paid

Within specific restrictions, DMAS may recover funds correctly paid for medical services received by eligible recipients

1. Deceased Recipient's Estate Under federal regulations and state law, DMAS may make a claim against a deceased recipient's estate when the recipient was age 55 or over. The recovery can include any Medicaid payments made on his/her behalf. This claim can be waived if there are surviving dependents. (42 CFR 433.36; Va. Code §32.1-326.1 and 32.1-327).

2. Uncompensated
Property
Transfers

DMAS may seek recovery when a Medicaid recipient transferred property with an uncompensated value of more than \$25,000. The transferees (recipients of the transfer) are liable to reimburse Medicaid for expenditures up to the uncompensated value of the property or resource. The property transfer must have occurred within 30 months of the recipient (transferor) becoming eligible for or receiving Medicaid. (Va. Code §20-88.02).

3. Local DSS Referral When an agency discovers a Medicaid case involving property transfers, a Medicaid Fraud Referral form must be completed and sent to:

Supervisor Recipient Audit Unit Department of Medical Assistance Services 600 East Broad Street, Suite 1300 Richmond, Virginia 23219

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Estate recoveries must be referred to:

Estate Recovery Unit, Fiscal Division Department of Medical Assistance Services 600 East Broad Street, Suite 1300 Richmond, VA 23219

Cases involving *insurance related recoveries* must be referred to:

Third-Party Liability Section Fiscal Division, Department of Medical Assistance Services 600 East Broad Street, Suite 1300 Richmond, VA 23219

M1700.400 RESPONSIBILITY OF THE LOCAL DSS

A. Introduction

DMAS shares an interagency agreement with the Department of Social Services (DSS) which lists specific responsibilities. Local departments of social services are responsible for referring and reporting the following situations to DMAS:

- Investigations "by the local department of social services of situations involving eligibility in which there is no reason to suspect that there has been deliberate misrepresentation by an applicant/recipient with intent to defraud";
- Instances where there is evidence that fraud may exist.

B. DSS Responsibilities

To assist in the prevention of receipt of non-entitled services by enrollees, DSS must:

- Notify DMAS of every known instance relating to a non-entitled individual's use of Medicaid services, regardless of the reason for non-entitlement;
- Cancel the eligibility of all persons convicted of public assistance fraud or medical assistance fraud to the extent allowable under federal and state regulations;
- Notify DMAS of all instances in which a Medicaid recipient is a beneficiary
 of a discretionary trust and the trustee refuses to make the assets available for
 the medical expenses of the recipient, or when a Medicaid recipient has been
 found to be ineligible for Medicaid benefits as a result of a transfer of assets;
 and
- Include Medicaid expenditures in the computation of misspent funds, where a
 withholding or a deliberate misrepresentation of a pertinent fact has taken
 place and where a local social service agency will exercise jurisdiction in
 regard to prosecution of the case.

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B. Statute of Limitations

There is no "statute of limitations" for Medicaid fraud; cases that are referred for fraud should be flagged to ensure that the information is not purged. Cases cannot be properly investigated without specific documents, i.e. signed applications, bank statements, burial or insurance information.

M1700, Appendix 1

NOTICE OF RECIPIENT FRAUD/NON-FRAUD OVERISSUANCE

DATE:/	
TO: RECIPIENT AUDIT UNIT DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL ASSISTAN 600 EAST BROAD STREET, SUITE 1300 RICHMOND, VA 23219 Case Name: Case Address:	TYPE OF REFERRAL Agency Error LTC Underpayment Drug Related Other
	_
Case Name Social Security #:	
Medicaid ID#:	
(Check appropriate box below)	
Y Ineligible for Medicaid Dates:	gibility in summary section)
YUnderpayment for Medicaid LTC (List months,	amounts and explanation in summary section)
Summary:	
Eligibility Worker/Medicaid Technician	()
Address	City/County Code (FIPS)
If additional information is required, you will be co	ntacted by the Recipient Audit Unit.

DMAS 751R (7/00)

M1700, Appendix 1

RECIPIENT FRAUD/NON-FRAUD REFERRAL FORM INSTRUCTIONS

FORM NUMBER - DMAS 751R (7/00)

PURPOSE

To report to the DMAS Recipient Audit Unit any instance of allegations of criminal or civil acts committed against the Medicaid and/or SLH. Such acts include, but are not limited to: 1) those involving the eligibility of persons receiving Medicaid under ABD, Aid to Refugees, TANF-who do not qualify for a money grant; 2) allegations of illegal use of a Medicaid card or receipt of benefits under the Program by means of an illegal act; 3) allegations of crimes committed against the Program by any person other than a provider of services; 4) allegations of uncompensated transfer of property by recipients; 5) refusal of the trustee of a discretionary trust to pay all or part of the beneficiary's medical expenses; *6) any agency error, as well as Long Term Care underpayments.

*Recipient enrolled incorrectly, added in error, not cancelled timely, allowed to remain on Medicaid during the conviction sanction period, information known to the agency that would render ineligibility, etc.

USE OF FORM – Completed for all cases that are being referred to the Recipient Audit Unit for possible fraud, ineligibility or incorrect patient pay.

NUMBER AND DISTRIBUTION OF COPIES – Prepare original; make a copy for the agency record before sending to the Recipient Audit Unit at DMAS.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARATION OF FORM – The form should contain the recipient(s) name, current mailing address (no P.O. Box should be used), social security number for the case name and or responsible party, each individual recipient(s) number, period of ineligibility or period in which the underpayment occurred must be stated, summary or reason for the ineligibility of underpayment. *If the referral relates to an underpayment, then the underpayment for collection must be stated for each month.*

All Estate Recoveries and Third Party Liability referrals should be forwarded to the addresses specified in M1700.300.

The referring entity will be contacted should DMAS need additional case information or copies.

DENNIS G. SMITH

DIRECTOR

Virginia DSS, Volume XIII

M1700, Appendix 2



COMMONWEALTH of VIRGINIA **Department of Medical Assistance Services**

Medicaid Claims Request

600 EAST BROAD STREET RICHMOND, VA. 23219 PHONE: (804) 786-7933 FAX: (804)225-4512

	——————	FAX: (804)225-4512
Recipient Audit Unit Supervisor Department of Medical Assistance Service 600 East Broad Street, Suite 1300 Richmond, Virginia 23219	Agency:	
Dear Supervisor:		
forward proof of claims paid by Medic		
	progress and of the outcome of this investiga	
	Base ID#:	
(a)	Recipient ID#:	
Period of suspected fraud/overpayment:		
(b)	Recipient ID#:	
Period of suspected fraud/overpayment:		
(c)	Recipient ID#:	
Period of suspected fraud/overpayment:		
(d)	Recipient ID#:	
Period of suspected fraud/overpayment:		
	Sincerely,	
Custodian Certificate/Claims needed? Y Expected Date to the CA: Expected Court Date:		

DMAS 750R (7/00)

M1700, Appendix 2

CLAIMS REQUEST FORM INSTRUCTIONS

FORM NUMBER - DMAS 750R (7/00)

PURPOSE

This form serves as a multi-purpose form: It can be used to receive certified claims from DMAS reporting the total expended amount of Medicaid services for the period of time in question. These claims are used in court testimony, as evidence against the defendant. Restitution is ordered based on the amount of claims in the form of a custodian certificate that is submitted by the supervisor of the Recipient Audit Unit. This information is notorized, and is attesting to the fact that the information is accurate and that the supervisor serves as the keeper of the records for DMAS. It can also be used if the agency would like to know if the claims exceed the Recipient Audit Unit amount of \$300.00 for Medicaid-Only referrals. This is helpful in determining whether or not the case should be referred to the Recipient Audit Unit for investigation.

Note: Providers have up to one year to bill for services, therefore the amount of claims may not be accurate or complete at the time of prosecution or inquiry. It is suggested that the Commonwealth's Attorney be advised of this information, should additional claims develop at a later time and additional restitution be requested by DMAS.

USE OF FORM – Request of recipient claims for any investigation conducted by the local agency as it relates to person(s) receiving a money grant under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families and Food Stamp program(s). Also, request for an estimate of claims when determining whether or not the Medicaid-Only case meets the RAU threshold requirements.

NUMBER AND DISTRIBUTION OF COPIES – Prepare original; make a copy for the agency record before sending to the Recipient Audit Unit at DMAS.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARATION OF FORM – The form should contain the case name, the base case ID number, each recipient ID number and the period of suspected fraud/overpayment for each recipient. Each recipient should be listed separately as shown on the form by the letters (a) through (d). Should there be additional recipients on the same base case ID, a second page should be attached.

The requestor must complete the three questions in the lower left corner of the form in order for DMAS to determine the priority of the request.

The recipient(s) should be referred to DMAS if there was a period of time when the recipient was not eligible to receive benefits and the agency is unsure of how to handle the case.